

Curriculum - RE

Knowledge and Skills

Knowledge and Skills progression in RE Year Group Overview

CourageResilienceHonestyKindnessMatthew 7:24 - "Therefore everyone who hears these words of mine and puts them into practice is like a wise man who built his house on the rock"

Features

	tage 1, the knowledge progression takes full account of the Kent Agreed Syllabus for RE:
Year 1	COD . What do Christians halisus that Cod is like?
•	GOD - What do Christians believe that God is like?
•	INCARNATION - Why does Christmas matter to Christians? (CORE & Digging Deeper)
•	GOSPEL - What is the good news that Jesus brings? (CORE & Digging Deeper)
•	SALVATION - Why does Easter matter to Christians? (CORE LEARNING)
•	JUDAISM - Who is Jewish and what do they believe? (Part 1 and 2)
Year 2	
•	CREATION - Who made the world?
•	How should we care for others and the world and why does it matter?
•	HUMANISM - What is Humanism?
•	SALVATION - Why does Easter matter to Christians? (DIGGING DEEPER)
•	ISLAM - Who is a Muslim and what do they believe? (Part 1 and 2)
At key st	age 2, the knowledge progression takes full account of the Kent Agreed Syllabus for RE:
Year 3	
•	PEOPLE OF GOD - What is it like to follow God?
•	INCARNATION - What is the Trinity? (CORE LEARNING)
•	SIKHI - What is important for Sikh people? and How do Sikh people worship and celebrate?
•	KINGDOM OF GOD - When Jesus left, what was the impact of Pentecost?
•	HUMANISM - What is Humanism?
Year 4	
•	CREATION - What do Christians learn from the Creation story?
•	INCARNATION - What is the Trinity? (DIGGING DEEPER)
•	GOSPEL - What kind of a world did Jesus want?
•	SALVATION - Why do Christians call the day Jesus died 'Good Friday'? (CORE & DIGGING DEEPER)
•	HINDU DHARMA - What does it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today? (Part 1 and 2)
Year 5	COD . What does it was if Cod is bains and ball?
•	GOD - What does it mean if God is loving and holy?
	INCARNATION - Was Jesus the Messiah? (CORE LEARNING)
	PEOPLE OF GOD - How can following God bring freedom and justice? SALVATION - What did Jesus do to save human beings?
	ISLAM - What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today? (Part 1 and 2)
Year 6	ISLAW - What does it mean to be a Wushim in Britain today: (Fait I and 2)
	CREATION - Creation and science: conflicting or complementary?
	GOSPEL - What would Jesus do?
	HUMANISM - What is Humanism?
	JUDAISM - What is indihalitating JUDAISM - What does it mean to be Jewish in Britain today?
-	UNIVERSAL - What can be done to reduce Racism? Can religion help?
-	KINGDOM OF GOD -What kind of king is Jesus?
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St Nicholas RE Experience

- Tessa and Tom other characters
- Harvest
- Christmas
- Easter
- Remembrance Day
- St Nicholas Day Choir/Chocolates in shoes
- Visit Places of worship Gurdwara/ Mosque/Synagogue/
- Cathedral Year 6
- Cathedral festivals
- World Faith Festivals
- St Augustine
- Prayer spaces (Worship?)
- Visiting speakers
- Appreciating nature Hindu belief of Brahma being in everything (Link to Mindfulness)
- Care in the community
- Parents of religions to visit
- St Nicholas Post write features

Knowledge and Skills Progression in RE – Reception Development Matters Statements

- See themselves as a valuable individual (PSED)
- Build constructive and respectful relationships. (PSED)
- Express their feelings and consider the feelings of others. (PSED)
- Think about the perspectives of others (PSED)
- Talk about members of their immediate family and community (UW)
- Understand that some places are special to members of their community (UW)
- Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways. (UW)

Early Learning Goals feeding into National Curriculum - RE

- Show an understanding of their feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly. (PSED)
- Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. (PSED)
- Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers. (PSED)
- Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society. (UW)

	AUTUMN		SPF	RING	SUMMER		
EYFS	CREATION Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians?	OLD TESTAMENT STORIES Which stories are special and why? INCARNATION Why do Christians perform Nativity plays at Christmas?	 NEW TESTAMENT STORIES Which stories are special and why? 	SALVATION Why do Christians put a cross in an Easter Garden?	WORLD FAITH STORIES Which stories are special and why?	WORLD FAITH STORIES Which stories are special and why?	
Year 1	GOD What do Christians believe that God is like?	INCARNATION Why does Christmas matter to Christians? CORE & Digging Deeper	GOSPEL What is the good news that Jesus brings? CORE & Digging Deeper	SALVATION Why does Easter matter to Christians? CORE LEARNING	JUDAISM Who is Jewish and what do they believe? (Part 1)	JUDAISM Who is Jewish and what do they believe? (Part 2)	
Year 2	CREATION Who made the world?	UNIVERSAL How should we care for others and the world and why does it matter? INCARNATION (1/2 LESSONS)	HUMANISM What is Humanism?	SALVATION Why does Easter matter to Christians? DIGGING DEEPER	ISLAM Who is a Muslim and what do they believe? (Part 1)	ISLAM Who is a Muslim and what do they believe? (Part 2)	
Year 3	PEOPLE OF GOD What is it like to follow God?	INCARNATION What is the Trinity? CORE LEARNING	SIKHI What is important for Sikh people?	SIKH How do Sikh people worship and celebrate? SALVATION (1/2 LESSONS)	KINGDOM OF GOD When Jesus left, what was the impact of Pentecost?	HUMANISM What is Humanism?	
Year 4	CREATION What do Christians learn from the Creation story?	INCARNATION What is the Trinity? DIGGING DEEPER	GOSPEL What kind of a world did Jesus want?	SALVATION Why do Christians call the day Jesus died 'Good Friday'? CORE & DIGGING DEEPER	HINDU DHARMA What does it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today? (Part 1)	HINDU DHARMA What does it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today? (Part 2)	
Year 5	GOD What does it mean if God is loving and holy?	INCARNATION Was Jesus the Messiah? CORE LEARNING	PEOPLE OF GOD How can following God bring freedom and justice?	SALVATION What did Jesus do to save human beings?	ISLAM What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today? (Part 1)	ISLAM What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today? (Part 2)	
Year 6	CREATION Creation and science: conflicting or complementary?	GOSPEL What would Jesus do? INCARNATION (1/2 LESSONS)	HUMANISM What is Humanism?	JUDAISM What does it mean to be Jewish in Britain today? SALVATION (1/2 LESSONS)	UNIVERSAL What can be done to reduce Racism? Can religion help?	KINGDOM OF GOD What kind of king is Jesus?	

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	Understanding Christianity	Unit Question					
EYFS	CREATION	Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians?					
	OLD TESTAMENT STORIES	Which stories are special and why?					
	NEW TESTAMENT STORIES	Which stories are special and why?					
	INCARNATION	Why do Christians perform Nativity plays at Christmas?					
	SALVATION	Why do Christians put a cross in an Easter Garden?					
YR1	GOD	What do Christians believe that God is like?					
	INCARNATION	Why does Christmas matter to Christians? (CORE & Digging Deeper)					
	GOSPEL	What is the good news that Jesus brings? (CORE & Digging Deeper)					
	SALVATION	Why does Easter matter to Christians? (CORE LEARNING)					
YR2	CREATION	Who made the world?					
	SALVATION	Why does Easter matter to Christians? (DIGGING DEEPER)					
YR3	PEOPLE OF GOD	What is it like to follow God?					
	INCARNATION	What is the Trinity? (CORE LEARNING)					
	KINGDOM OF GOD	When Jesus left, what was the impact of Pentecost?					
YR4	CREATION	What do Christians learn from the Creation story?					
	INCARNATION	What is the Trinity? (DIGGING DEEPER)					
	GOSPEL	What kind of a world did Jesus want?					
	SALVATION	Why do Christians call the day Jesus died 'Good Friday'? (CORE &					
		DIGGING DEEPER)					
YR5	GOD	What does it mean if God is loving and holy?					
	INCARNATION	Was Jesus the Messiah? (CORE LEARNING)					
	PEOPLE OF GOD	How can following God bring freedom and justice?					
	SALVATION	What did Jesus do to save human beings?					
YR6	CREATION	Creation and science: conflicting or complementary?					
	GOSPEL	What would Jesus do?					
	KINGDOM OF GOD	What kind of king is Jesus?					

	World Faith/ World View Covered	Unit Question				
EYFS	An introduction to Hinduism, Judaism, Sikhism and Islam	What stories are special and why?				
YR1	Judaism - Part 1 & 2	Who is Jewish and what do they believe?				
YR2	Universal Unit	How should we care for others and the world and why does it matter?				
	Humanism	What is Humanism?				
	Islam – Part 1 & 2	Who is a Muslim and what do they believe?				
YR3	Sikhi - Part 1 & 2	What is important for Sikh people? How do Sikh people worship and celebrate?				
	Humanism	What is Humanism?				
YR4	Hindu Dharma- Part 1 & 2	What does it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today?				
YR5	Islam – Part 1 & 2	What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today?				
YR6	Humanism	What is Humanism?				
	Judaism	What does it mean to be Jewish in Britain today?				
	Universal Unit	What can be done to reduce Racism? Can religion help?				

Knowledge and Skills Progression EYFS

Children will encounter religions and worldviews through special people, books, times, places and objects and by visiting places of worship. They will listen to and talk about stories. Children can be introduced to subject specific words and use all their senses to explore beliefs, practices and forms of expression. Children will be encouraged to ask questions and reflect on their own feelings and experiences. They use their imagination and curiosity to develop their appreciation of and wonder at the world in which they live. The teaching of RE sits very firmly within the areas of personal, social and emotional development and understanding the world. Through the questions below the children will talk about similarities and differences between themselves and others, among families, communities and traditions. They will know about their own cultures and beliefs and those of other people. They explore, observe and find out about places and objects that matter in different cultures and beliefs.

RE (L syllal	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	OLD TESTAMENT STORIES Which stories are special and why? INCARNATION Why do Christians perform Nativity plays at Christmas?	NEW TESTAMENT STORIES Which stories are special and why?	SALVATION Why do Christians put a cross in an Easter Garden?	WORLD FAITH STORIES Which stories are special and why?	WORLD FAITH STORIES Which stories are special and why?
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	Understanding Christianity		World Faiths		Religious and Non-Religious World Views	
Year 1	GOD	CORE: • • •	Identify what a parable is. Tell the story of the Lost Son from the Bible simply, and recognise a link with the concept of God as a forgiving Father. Give clear, simple accounts of what the story means to Christians. Give at least two examples of a way in which Christians show their belief in God as loving and forgiving; for example, by saying sorry; by seeing God as welcoming them back; by forgiving others. Give an example of how Christians put their beliefs into practice in worship; by saying sorry to God, for example. Think, talk and ask questions about whether they can learn anything from the story for themselves, exploring different ideas. whether they can learn anything from the story for themselves, exploring different ideas.	JUDASIM – PART 1	 Pupils will learn: That many people have objects in their home that are 'precious' to them and that these can be linked to religion To recognise objects that can be found in many Jewish homes What some of the words inside a mezuzah mean That Jewish people believe in one God Why a mezuzah is put on the doorposts of houses Why Jewish people celebrate Shabbat How Jewish people welcome Shabbat on a Friday night How Jewish people both rest and pray at Shabbat 	

INCARNATION	 CORE: Give a clear, simple account of the story of Jesus' birth and why Jesus is important for Christians. Recognise that stories of Jesus' life come from the Gospels. Give examples of ways in which Christians use the story of the nativity to guide their beliefs and actions at Christmas. Decide what they personally have to be thankful for at Christmas time. DIGGING DEEPER: Recognise that Incarnation is part of the 'Big Story' of the Bible. Tell the story of the birth of Jesus and recognise the link with Incarnation — Jesus is 'God on Earth'. Give at least two examples of ways in which Christians use the nativity story in churches and at home; for example, using nativity scenes and carols to celebrate Jesus' birth. Think, talk and ask questions about the Christmas story and the lessons they might 	JUSDAISM – PART 2	 Pupils Will learn: The story of Chanukah Jewish practices at Chanukah How Jewish practices at Chanukah help Jews to reflect on important aspects of the story Additional lessons Where is a special place for Jewish people? What do we know about Judaism that we didn't know before? 	

CORE:		
Tell stories from the Bible an recognis link with a concent of (Concell or concent)	a	
link with a concept of 'Gospel' or good		
news.		
Give clear, simple accounts of what Bi		
texts (such as the story of Matthew th	tax	
collector) mean to Christians.		
Recognise that Jesus gives instruction	to	
people about how to behave.		
Give at least two examples of ways in		
Christians follow the teachings studied		
about forgiveness and peace, and brin	ing	
good news to the friendless.		
Give at least two examples of how		
Christians put these beliefs into practi		
the Church community and their own	ves	
(for example: charity, confession).		
Think, talk and ask questions about w		
Jesus' 'good news' is only good news f		
Christians, or if there are things for an	one	
Christians, or if there are things for an to learn, exploring different ideas.		
DIGGING DEEPER:		
Tell stories from the Bible and recognition	ea	
link with a concept: for example, the i		
'good news' links to the practice of be		
thankful.		
 Give clear, simple accounts of what th 		
texts mean to Christians: for example,		
people can trust God, and that they sh		
say thank you to God for his good gift:		
Describe how Christians show their be		
for example, thanking God in prayer.		
Give at least two examples of ways in	vhich	
Christians use Bible stories and texts t		
guide their beliefs about prayer, in the	r	
church communities and their own liv		
• Think, talk and ask questions about w	ether	
Jesus' 'good news' matters to anyone		
than Christians, exploring different ide		

SALVATION	 CORE: Recognise that Incarnation and Salvation are part of a 'big story' of the Bible. Tell stories of Holy Week and Easter from the Bible and recognise a link with the idea of Salvation (Jesus rescuing people). Recognise that Jesus gives instructions about how to behave. Give at least three examples of how Christians show their beliefs about Jesus' death and resurrection in church worship at Easter. Think, talk and ask questions about whether the story of Easter has anything to say to them about sadness, hope or heaven, exploring different ideas. 		
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	Understanding Christianity	World Faith	Religious and Non-Religious World Views
Year 2	CORE: • Retell the story of creation from Genesis 1:1–2.3 simply. • Recognise that 'Creation' is the beginning of the 'big story' of the Bible. • Say what the story tells Christians about God, Creation and the world. • Give at least one example of what Christians do to say thank you to God for the Creation. • Think, talk and ask questions about living in an amazing world.	 Pupils will learn to: identify some ways a Muslim might describe God; respond sensitively to what matters to Muslims and what matters to me; retell a story about the Prophet Muhammad; say why Muslims try to follow Muhammad and have great respect for him; <i>respond sensitively to what matters to Muslims and what matters to me;</i> Identify what makes a place special, or holy Recognise and describe the significance of particular objects and places to Muslims Use the right words to describe some things that are important in Islam 	 Pupils will learn: Give an example of what Jesus said about the importance of children Give simple examples of how people are unique and valuable Describe how it feels when people are not kind Consider questions such as what does this story teach about caring? Look for similarities and differences between different stories from the bible about caring for people Give simple reasons why Jesus told the story of the Good Samaritan Give examples of what believers do as a result of learning from the Good Samaritan and/or Four friends and the paralysed man Describe how Jewish people might help people making links to the festival of Sukkot Find out more about Tzedekah Consider questions such as who needs our help? The links between the teaching in the Torah and caring Think of some ways Jewish people care for the world Describe how Mother Teresa or Dr Barnado have put their beliefs into action Consider questions such as what would it be like if everyone followed the golden rule? Some people look after the world because God is a creator Describe different ideas about what God might be like from reading the creation story Share their own answer to the unit question, giving simple reasons for their answers

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INCARNATION	 The Nativity (1/2 sessions) Digging Deeper Recognise that Incarnation is part of the 'Big Story' of the Bible. Tell the story of the birth of Jesus and recognise the link with Incarnation — Jesus is 'God on Earth'. Give at least two examples of ways in which Christians use the nativity story in churches and at home; for example, using nativity scenes and carols to celebrate Jesus' birth. Think, talk and ask questions about the Christmas story and the lessons they might learn from it: for example, about being kind and generous. 	ISLAM – PART 2	 Pupils will learn to: Recognise and describe the significance of particular objects and places to Muslims Use the right words to describe some things that are important in Islam Recognise and describe the significance of particular objects and places to Muslims Use the right words to describe some things that are important in Islam Use the right words to describe some things that are important in Islam to recognise how important the Qur'an is to Muslims and give an example of a way Muslims treat the Qur'an ; use the right words to describe some things that are important in Islam respond sensitively to what matters to Muslims and what matters to me identify some ways Muslims mark Ramadan and celebrate Eid-ul-Fitr 	HUMANISM	 By the end of this unit pupils are expected to be able to: Explain who Humanists are. Describe what Humanists believe makes us special. Know that the symbol for Humanism is The Happy Human. Know that Humanists chose this as their symbol because being happy is really important. Understand that there are different ways to be happy. Explain the difference between reason and empathy. Know what the golden rule is. Know that Humanists celebrate key moments in their lives. Talk about what happens at a baby's naming ceremony.
SALVATION	 DIGGING DEEPER: Recognise that God, Incarnation, Gospel and Salvation are part of the 'big story' of the Bible. Tell stories of Holy Week and Easter and make a link with the idea of Salvation (Jesus rescuing people). Give at least three examples of how Christians show their beliefs about Jesus as saviour in church worship. Think, talk and ask questions about whether the text has something to say to them (for example, about whether forgiveness is important), exploring different ideas. 				

				Kent Agreed Syllabus for RE		
Year 3	DEOPLE OF GOD	 Understanding Christianity RE: Make clear links between the story of Noah and the idea of covenant. Make simple links between promises in the story of Noah and promises that Christians make at a wedding ceremony. Make links between the story of Noah and how we live in school and the wider world. 	SIKHI – PART 1	World Faiths By the end of this unit pupils are expected to be able to: • describe things that are important to Sikhs and show how these impact their lives and actions. • make suggestions about what Sikhs believe about God. • make links between Sikh stories and the actions of Sikhs today. • explain what the 5 K's are and why they are important to Khalsa Sikh's. • make suggestions about why it is important for Sikhs to become part of the Khalsa.	HUMANISM	 Religious and Non-Religious World Views By the end of this unit pupils are expected to be able to: Explain who Humanists are. Describe what Humanists believe makes us special. Understand that there are different ways to be happy. Explain the difference between reason and empathy. Know what the golden rule is. Know that Humanists celebrate key moments in their lives. I can talk about what happens at a Humanist wedding. I can identify some similarities and differences between a Christian wedding and a Humanist wedding. Know that Humanists do not have a place of worship and why. Understand that Humanists celebrate humanity's achievements – intellectual, technological and creative. Name some of the shared values Humanists hold. Know that most Humanists believe that human beings can make the world a better place.

INCARNATION	 CORE: Identify the difference between a 'Gospel', which tells the story of the life and teaching of Jesus, and a letter. Offer suggestions about what texts about baptism and Trinity might mean. Give examples of what these texts mean to some Christians today. Describe how Christians show their beliefs about God the Trinity in worship (in baptism and prayer, for example) and in the way they live. Make links between some Bible texts studied and the idea of God in Christianity, expressing clearly some ideas of their own about what the God of Christianity is like. 	SIKHI – PART 2	 By the end of this unit pupils are expected to be able to: describe Sikh worship and suggest the significance of each part of it. make clear links between the teachings of the Guru Granth Sahib and seva. describe some of the same / different things Sikhs' do which show equality in the Langar. explain what happens at Vaisakhi and why Sikhs' celebrate it. discuss reasons why being a Sikh is a good thing in Britain today and reasons why it might be hard sometimes. 	
SALVATION	 The Easter Story (1/2 sessions) CORE: Order Creation and Fall, Incarnation, Gospel and Salvation within a timeline of the Bible's 'big story'. Offer suggestions for what the texts about the entry into Jerusalem, and the death and resurrection of Jesus might mean. Give examples of what the texts studied mean to some Christians. Make simple links between the Gospel texts and how Christians mark the Easter events in their church communities. Describe how Christians show their beliefs about Palm Sunday, Good Friday and Easter Sunday in worship. Make links between some of the stories and teachings in the Bible and life in the world today, expressing some ideas of their own clearly. 			

	CORE:	I
	 Make clear links between the story of 	
	the Day of Pentecost and Christian	
	belief about the Kingdom of God on	
	Earth.	
	 Offer suggestions about what the 	
	description of Pentecost in Acts 2	
GOD	might mean.	
Ъ В Ц	Give examples of what Pentecost	
0	means to some Christians now.	
KINGDOM	Make simple links between the	
Ğ	description of the Day of Pentecost in	
Ž	Acts 2, the Holy Spirit and the Kingdom	
-	of God, and how Christians live their	
	whole lives and in their church	
	communities. Make links between ideas about the 	
	Kingdom of God explored in the Bible and what people believe about	
	following God in the world today,	
	expressing some of their own ideas.	
	expressing some of their own ideas.	

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Year 4	CREATION	 Understanding Christianity CORE: Place the concepts of God and Creation on a timeline of the Bible's 'Big Story'. Make clear links between Genesis 1 and what Christians believe about God and Creation. Describe what Christians do because they believe God is Creator. (For example, follow God, wonder at how amazing God's creation is; care for the earth in some specific ways.) Ask questions and suggest answers about what might be important in the creation story for Christians living today, and for people who are not Christians. 	HINDU DHARMA – PART 1	 World Faiths Pupils will learn: Describe Hindu beliefs about God Find out more about how Hindus worship god Look for similarities and differences between the life of a Hindu child and the life of a child from another religion or a non religious child Give simple reasons for the different aspects of puja and how they reflect Hindu beliefs Describe two of the four aims in Hindu life; Dharma and Moksha Find out more about the metaphor of the journey of life for Hindus and for themselves Look for similarities and differences between duty for Hindu children and for themselves 	Religious and Non-Religious World Views
	INCARNATION	 DIGGING DEEPER: Identify John 1 as part of a 'Gospel', noting some differences between John and the other Gospels. Offer suggestions for what texts about God might mean. Give examples of what the texts studied mean to some Christians. Describe how Christians show their beliefs about God the Trinity in the way they live. Make links between some of the texts and teachings about God in the Bible and what people believe about God in the world today, expressing some ideas of their own clearly. 	HINDU DHARMA – PART 2	 Pupils will think about: Describe the Hindu belief in Karma Think of reasons why Gandhi behaved in the way he did. How does this show Hindu beliefs Describe some key events in the life of Gandhi Describe how the life of Gandhi shows Hindu beliefs in action Describe how vibrant British Hindu life is Describe examples of where the life of a Hindu can be seen in Britain Consider questions about how it could be hard for British Hindu children to live across two cultures, but it could also be exciting and enriching. 	

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	CORE:		
	Order Creation and Fall, Incarnation,		
	Gospel and Salvation within a		
	timeline of the Bible's 'big story'.		
	 Offer suggestions for what the texts 		
	about the entry into Jerusalem, and		
	the death and resurrection of Jesus		
	might mean.		
	 Give examples of what the texts 		
	studied mean to some Christians.		
	 Make simple links between the 		
	Gospel texts and how Christians mark		
	the Easter events in their church		
	communities.		
	Describe how Christians show their		
	beliefs about Palm Sunday, Good		
	Friday and Easter Sunday in worship.		
	Make links between some of the		
	stories and teachings in the Bible and		
z	life in the world today, expressing		
SALVATION	some ideas of their own clearly.		
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SAI	DIGGING DEEPER:		
	Offer suggestions about what the		
	narrative of the Last Supper, Judas' betrayal and Peter's denial might		
	mean.		
	Give examples of what the texts		
	studied mean to some Christians.		
	 Make clear links between Gospel texts 		
	and how Christians remember,		
	celebrate and serve on Maundy		
	Thursday, including Holy Communion.		
	 Describe how Christians show their 		
	beliefs about Jesus in their everyday		
	lives: for example, prayer, serving,		
	sharing the message and the example		
	of Jesus.		
	Raise questions and suggest answers		
	about how serving and celebrating,		
	remembering and betrayal, trust and		
	standing up for your beliefs might		
	make a difference to how pupils think		

and live.		

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	Understanding Christianity		World Faiths	Religious and Non-Religious World Views
Year 5	 CORE: Identify some different types of biblical texts, using technical terms accurately. Explain connections between biblical texts and Christian ideas of God, using theological terms. Make clear connections between Bible texts studied and what Christians believe about God; for example, through how churches are designed. Show how Christians put their beliefs into practice in worship. Weigh up how biblical ideas and teachings about God as holy and loving might make a difference in the world today, developing insights of their own. 	I ISLAM – PART 1	 Pupils will learn: Describe what people might need to support them on the journey of life. Consider questions such as how life is like a journey? What do people use to support them through the journey? Describe the five pillars of Islam Describe the key belief of Muslims and explain how it affects their life Find out more about the life of the Prophet Consider questions such as how might hearing the shahdah every day affect the life of a Muslim? Think of reasons why Muslims find it important to hear the Shahadah regularly Describe how and why Muslim people pray Look for similarities and differences between prayer in Islam and prayer in Christianity Think of reasons why some people pray regularly Give simple reasons for prayer as a form of guidance for Muslims 	

CORE:	Pupils will learn:
 Explain the place Messiah within Bible. Identify Gospel using technical field Explain connect texts, Incarnation theological term Show how Christ about Jesus' Inco in different way Christmas. Comment on ho the Messiah ma story of the Bibli Weigh up how fi the Messiah — a is important in the 	f Incarnation and t 'big story' of the Describe the pillar of Zakah and explain who money is given away to and why Think of reasons why some people think regularly giving away money is a good idea for themselves and the community Give simple reasons for the importance of generosity Describe reasons for the practice of fasting in Islam Describe reasons of the practice of fasting in Islam Eldual Titra and other festivals the pupils have studied. Think of reasons why some people choose to fast Think of reasons why some people choose to fast Describe what happens on pilgrimage to Mordoday and, if Describe what happens on pilgrimage to Mocca and at the celebration of Eid ul Adha

		 Look for similarities and differences between the Mosque and another place of worship you have visited and studied Describe and explain what it means to be a Muslim Describe the five pillars of Islam and explain how these affect the daily life of Muslims Look for similarities and differences between the life of a Muslim and their own lives focussing on their own beliefs and values 	
PEOPLE OF GOD	 CORE: Explain connections between the story of Moses and the concepts of freedom and salvation, using theological terms. Make clear connections between Bible texts studied and what Christians believe about being the People of God and how they should behave. Explain ways in which some Christians put their beliefs into practice by trying to bring freedom to others. Identify ideas about freedom and justice arising from their study of Bible texts and comment on how far these are helpful or inspiring, justifying their responses. 		

	CORE:	
	Outline the timeline of the 'big story'	
	of the Bible, explaining how	
	Incarnation and Salvation fit within it.	
	Explain what Christians mean when	
	they say that Jesus' death was a	
	sacrifice, using theological terms.	
_	Suggest meanings for narratives of	
SALVATION	Jesus' death/ resurrection, comparing	
ATI	their ideas with ways in which	
ΓΛ'	Christians interpret these texts.	
SA	Make clear connections between the	
	Christian belief in Jesus' death as a	
	sacrifice and how Christians celebrate	
	Holy Communion/Lord's Supper.	
	Show how Christians put their beliefs	
	into practice.	
	• Weigh up the value and impact of	
	ideas of sacrifice in their own lives and	
	the world today.	

Understanding Christianity	World Faiths	Religious and Non-Religious World Views
 CORE: Outline the importance of Creation on the timeline of the 'big story' of the Bible. Identify what type of text some Christians say Genesis 1 is, and its purpose. Taking account of the context, suggest what Genesis 1 might mean, and compare their ideas with ways in which Christians interpret it, showing awareness of different interpretations. Make clear connections between Genesis 1 and Christian belief about God as Creator. Show understanding of why many Christians find science and faith go together. Identify key ideas arising from their study of Genesis 1 and comment on how far these are helpful or inspiring, justifying their responses. Weigh up how far the Genesis 1 creation narrative is in conflict, or is complementary, with a scientific account. 	 By the end of this unit pupils are expected to be able to: a make connections between Jewish practice, teachings from the Torah and their beliefs about God. give examples of Jewish festivals and describe how they impact Jewish people today. explain the meaning and significance of Jewish rituals and practices. comment thoughtfully on how the role of women varies within Judaism. answer the key question from different perspectives, including my own. 	 By the end of this unit pupils are expected to be able to: I can explain what makes someone a humanist. I know that most humanists believe human beings evolved over time. I understand that humanists believe science is the best method to understand the universe. I know that humanists adapt or change their beliefs when faced with new evidence. I know that humanists believe there is no persuasive evidence for the existence of a god or gods. I understand that atheism is no belief in a god or gods. I know that being agnostic means that you are unsure and cannot know whether there a god or gods exist. I can explain that humanists believe that you can be good and live a happy life without the need for a god or gods. I understand that for a humanist, spiritual moments. I know that for a humanist, spiritual moments are not connected to a god or gods or the supernatural. I know that for humanists, nature and the world around them can be a source of excitement and beauty. I know that humanists believe science helps reveal and enhance nature's hidden beauty.

Year 6

	CORE:		Intent: pupils will be enabled to:
	 Identify features of Gospel texts (for 		 Learn about some texts from different religions that
	example, teachings, parable,		ask people of faith to treat all humanity well.
	narrative).		•Learn about 6 scenarios that give examples of racism,
	• Taking account of the context, suggest		discussing what is bad about each one and how they
	meanings of Gospel texts studied, and		could change.
	compare their ideas with ways in		 Learn to use accurately key words including racism,
	which Christians interpret biblical		unfairness and fairness, religious wisdom • Consider questions about what makes some cases of
	texts, showing awareness of different		prejudice worse than others
	interpretations.	<u>c.</u> .	 Express thoughtful ideas of their own about how
	Make clear connections between	elp	racism and prejudice can be reduced.
	Gospel texts, Jesus' 'good news', and	ч ч	 Learn about reasons why Bristol's statue of Edward
	how Christians live in the Christian community and in their individual lives.	gio	Colston was racially offensive, but the statue of John
	 Relate biblical ideas, teachings or 	reli	Wesley celebrates anti-slavery.
	• beliefs (for example, about peace,	an	Learn that different Christian people have been both
	forgiveness, healing) to the issues,	5 S	racist and anti-racist
	problems and opportunities of their	ism	 Think about this question: how does our racist past in
	own lives and the life of their own	rac	the UK have an influence today? What should we do
(NC	community in the world today,	ICe	about this?
ЦЦ	offering insights of their own.	adu	 Express thoughtful ideas about the beliefs, values,
GOSPEL (INCARNATION)		0	texts + stories they study.
GG	The Nativity (1/2 sessions)	le t	Learn about the Bible story of Saint Peter and
Ň.		dor	Cornelius from Acts 10, a story in which someone
_	DIGGING DEEPER:	be done to reduce racism? Can religion help?	learned to set aside the prejudice of his youth
	Explain connections between biblical	an	 Learn to think for themselves about how the story
	texts and the idea of Jesus as Messiah,	at c	challenges racism
	using theological terms.	Å	 Consider questions about how we learn, and change
	 Make clear connections between the 	-	our opinions and behaviour
	texts and what Christians believe	ßA	 Express reasoned ideas about Saint Peter's story and its connection to region and fairness
		VEF	
		IZ	
	,		
			-
	expressing their own insights.		
			whose religious beliefs are different from our own.
			 Give examples of the positive impact of inter faith
			work in their own community.
	 about Jesus as Messiah; for example, how they celebrate Palm Sunday. Show how Christians express their beliefs about Jesus as Prince of Peace and as one who transforms lives, through bringing peace and transformation in the world. Weigh up how far the world needs a Messiah, expressing their own insights. 	UNIVERSAL - What can	 its connection to racism and fairness. Explain beliefs about how human behaviour can be ruled by the idea of 'treating others as you would like to be treated' - the Golden Rule. Compare their ideas about treating others well respect for all with those studied from different religious sources Apply the teaching of the Golden Rule for themselves to different scenarios, e.g. by drawing a cartoon or by arguing reasonably about how we should treat people whose religious beliefs are different from our own. Give examples of the positive impact of inter faith

					 Raise questions about how we can be a more tolerant and respectful community, suggesting answers and applying the Golden Rule. Learn about examples of action for equality from different religions Learn that equality is important in different faiths and worldviews Consider questions about the ways people from different religions have worked for equality Express reasoned ideas about the antiracist work of key leaders. Learn about the life, death and legacy of Jo Cox MP Learn that her big idea was 'more unites us than divides us.' Consider questions about what unites us as humans, even though we are different in religion, ethnicity, gender and many others ways. Express reasoned ideas about a more respectful society
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	Columbian (A/D consistent)		
	Salvation (1/2 sessions)		
	Outline the timeline of the 'big story'		
	of the Bible, explaining the place		
	within it of the ideas of Incarnation		
	and Salvation.		
	 Suggest meanings for resurrection 		
	accounts, and compare their ideas		
	with ways in which Christians interpret		
	these texts, showing awareness of the		
	centrality of the Christian belief in		
	Resurrection.		
	Explain connections between Luke 24		
	and the Christian concepts of Sacrifice,		
Z	Resurrection, Salvation, Incarnation		
UTIC I	and Hope, using theological terms.		
SALVATION	Make clear connections between		
SA	Christian belief in the Resurrection and		
	how Christians worship on Good Friday		
	and Easter Sunday.		
	• Show how Christians put their beliefs		
	into practice in different ways.		
	• Explain why some people find belief in		
	the Resurrection makes sense and		
	inspires them.		
	 Offer and justify their own responses 		
	as to what difference belief in		
	Resurrection might make to how		
	people respond to challenges and		
	problems in the		
	world today.		